# **Wireless Temperature Sensor**

# Wireless Temperature Sensor

# R718B Series User Manual

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## 1. Introduction

The R718B series is a wireless resistance temperature detector for Netvox Class A type devices based on the LoRaWAN open protocol and is compatible with the LoRaWAN protocol. It connects an external resistance temperature detector (PT1000) to measure the temperature.

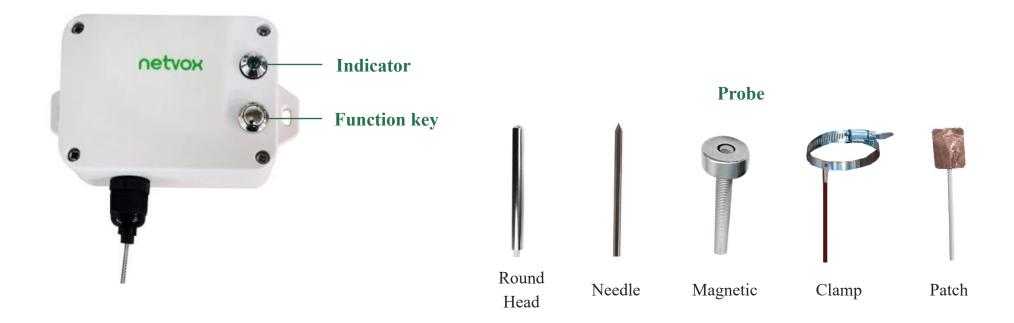
#### **LoRa Wireless Technology**

LoRa is a wireless communication technology dedicated to long-distance and low power consumption. Compared with other communication methods, the LoRa spread spectrum modulation method greatly increases to expand the communication distance. Widely used in long-distance, low-data wireless communications. For example, automatic meter reading, building automation equipment, wireless security systems, and industrial monitoring. Main features include small size, low power consumption, transmission distance, anti-interference ability and so on.

#### LoRaWAN

LoRaWAN uses LoRa technology to define end-to-end standard specifications to ensure interoperability between devices and gateways from different manufacturers.

# 2. Appearance



## **R718B series**



 $\bf R718B120$  - Round head probe -70° to 200°C



**R718B140** - Round head probe -40° to 375°C



m R718B121 - Needle probe -70° to 200°C



**R718B141** - Needle probe -40° to 375°C



**R718B150** -Round head probe  $-40^{\circ}$  to  $500^{\circ}$ C



**R718B151** - Needle probe -40° to 500°C



**R718B122** - Magnetic probe -50° to 180°C



**R718BC** - Clamp probe -50° to 150°C



**R718BP** - Patch probe -50° to 150°C

## 3. Features

- SX1276 wireless communication module
- 2\* ER14505 lithium batteries in parallel
- IP65 / 67 (main body)
- Magnetic base
- Compatible with LoRaWANTM Class A
- Frequency spread spectrum technology
- Applicable to third-party platforms: Actility / ThingPark, TTN, MyDevices / Cayenne
- Low power consumption and long battery life

Note: Please visit <a href="http://www.netvox.com.tw/electric/electric\_calc.html">http://www.netvox.com.tw/electric/electric\_calc.html</a> for more information of battery lifespan.

## 4. Set up Instructions

#### On/Off

| Power on                     | Insert batteries. (Users may need a screwdriver to open the battery cover.)               |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Turn on                      | Press and hold the function key for 3 seconds until the green indicator flashes once.     |  |  |  |
| Turn off (Factory resetting) | Press and hold the function key for 5 seconds until the green indicator flashes 20 times. |  |  |  |
| Power off                    | Remove Batteries.   |  |  |  |
|                              | 1. Remove and insert the battery; the device is off by default.                           |  |  |  |
| NI .                         | 2. The on/off interval should be about 10 seconds to avoid the interference of capacitor  |  |  |  |
| Note                         | inductance and other energy storage components.   |  |  |  |
|                              | 3. 5 seconds after powering on, the device will be in engineering test mode.              |  |  |  |

## **Network Joining**

|                             | Turn on to search the network to join.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Never joined the network    | The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: success                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                             | The green indicator remains off: fail  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Had in add the metroscale   | Turn on to search the previous network to join.                                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Had joined the network      | The green indicator stays on for 5 seconds: success                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| (without factory resetting) | The green indicator remains off: fail  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                             | 1. Please remove batteries if the device is not in use.                            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fail to join the network    | 2. Please check the device verification information on the gateway or consult your |  |  |  |  |  |
|                             | platform server provider.  |  |  |  |  |  |

## **Function Key**

|                              | Factory resetting / Turn off   |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Press and hold for 5 seconds | The green indicator flashes for 20 times: success                              |  |  |  |  |
|                              | The green indicator remains off: fail  |  |  |  |  |
| D                            | The device is in the network: green indicator flashes once and sends a report. |  |  |  |  |
| Press once                   | The device is <u>not in the network</u> : the green indicator remains off      |  |  |  |  |

## **Sleeping Mode**

| The device is on and | Sleeping period: Min Interval.   |
|----------------------|--|
|                      | When the reportchange exceeds the setting value or the state changes: send a data report |
| in the network       | according to Min Interval.   |

## **Low Voltage Warning**

| Low Voltage | 3.2V |
|-------------|------|
|-------------|------|

## 5. Data Report

The device will immediately send a version packet report with an uplink packet including temperature and battery voltage. It sends data in the default configuration before any configuration is done.

#### **Default setting:**

Max Interval: 0x0384 (900s) BatteryChange: 0x01 (0.1V)

Min Interval: 0x0384 (900s) TemperatureChange: 0x0064 (10°C)

Note:

a. The device report interval will be programmed based on the default firmware which may vary.

b. The interval between two reports must be the minimum time.

c. Please refer Netvox LoRaWAN Application Command document and Netvox Lora Command Resolver

http://cmddoc.netvoxcloud.com/cmddoc to resolve uplink data.

Data report configuration and sending period are as follows:

| Min Interval       | Max Interval   | Dan autable Change | Current Change≥   | Current Change <  |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| (Unit: second)     | (Unit: second) | Reportable Change  | Reportable Change | Reportable Change |
| Any number between |                |                    | Report            | Report            |
| 1–65535            | 1–65535        | Cannot be 0        | per Min Interval  | per Max Interval  |

## 5.1 Example of ReportDataCmd

FPort: 0x06

| Bytes | 1       | 1          | 1          | Var (Fix = 8 bytes) |
|-------|---------|------------|------------|---------------------|
|       | Version | DeviceType | ReportType | NetvoxPayLoadData   |

**Version**– 1 byte –0x01——the Version of NetvoxLoRaWAN Application Command Version

**DeviceType**– 1 byte – Device Type of Device

The devicetype is listed in Netvox LoRaWAN Application Devicetype doc

**ReportType** – 1 byte –the presentation of the NetvoxPayLoadData, according the devicetype

**NetvoxPayLoadData**– Fixed bytes (Fixed = 8 bytes)

## **Tips**

#### 1. Battery Voltage:

The voltage value is bit  $0 \sim$  bit 6, bit 7=0 is normal voltage, and bit 7=1 is low voltage.

Battery=0xA0, binary=1010 0000, if bit 7= 1, it means low voltage.

The actual voltage is  $0010\ 0000 = 0x20 = 32$ , 32\*0.1v = 3.2v

#### 2. Version Packet:

When Report Type = 0x00 is the version packet, such as  $0195\underline{00}0A03\underline{20231218}0000$ , the firmware version is 2023.12.18.

### 3. Data Packet:

When Report Type=0x01 is data packet.

### 4. Signed Value:

When the temperature is negative, 2's complement should be calculated.

| Device          | Device<br>Type | Report<br>Type | NetvoxPayLoadData                      |  |   |                                |  |  |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| P.710D          |                | 0x00           | SoftwareVersion (1 byte) e.g.0x0A—V1.0 | HardwareVersion (1 byte)                   | DateCode (4 bytes, e.g. 0x20170503)   | Reserved (2 bytes, fixed 0x00) |  |  |
| R718B<br>series | 0x95           | 0x01           | Battery (1 byte, unit:0.1V)            | Temperature1 (Signed 2 bytes, unit: 0.1°C) | ThresholdAlarm (1 byte)  Bit0_LowTemperatureAlarm,  Bit1_HighTemperatureAlarm,  Bit2-7: Reserved) | Reserved (4 bytes, fixed 0x00) |  |  |

## Example 1 of Uplink: 0195019FFE050000000000

1<sup>st</sup> byte (01): Version

2<sup>nd</sup> byte (95): DeviceType 0x95—R718B series

3<sup>rd</sup> byte (01): ReportType

 $4^{th}$  byte (9F): Battery -3.1V (low voltage), 9F ( $H_{ex}$ ) = 31 ( $D_{ec}$ ), 31\* 0.1V = 3.1V

5<sup>th</sup>6<sup>th</sup> byte (FE05): Temperature — -50.7°C , FE05 ( $H_{ex}$ ) = -507 ( $D_{ec}$ ), -507\* 0.1°C = -50.7°C

7<sup>th</sup> byte (00): ThresholdAlarm—No alarm

8<sup>th</sup>-11<sup>th</sup> byte (0000000): Reserved

## **5.2 Example of Report Configuration**

FPort: 0x07

| Bytes | 1     | 1          | Var (Fix = 9 bytes) |
|-------|-------|------------|---------------------|
|       | CmdID | DeviceType | NetvoxPayLoadData   |

**CmdID**– 1 byte

**DeviceType**– 1 byte – Device Type of Device

**NetvoxPayLoadData**— var bytes (Max = 9bytes)

| Description | Device | Cmd<br>ID | Device<br>Type | NetvoxPayLoadData |                   |                        |                             |                    |  |
|-------------|--------|-----------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Config      |        | 0x01      |                | MinTime (2 bytes, | MaxTime (2 bytes, | BatteryChange (1 byte, | Temperaturechange (2 bytes, | Reserved (2 bytes, |  |
| ReportReq   |        | UXUI      |                | Unit: s)          | Unit: s)          | Unit: 0.1v)            | Unit: 0.1°C)                | Fixed 0x00)        |  |
| Config      | 0.77   |           |                |                   | Status            |                        | Reserved                    |                    |  |
| ReportRsp   | R718B  | 0x81      |                |                   | (0x00_succes      | ss)                    | (8 Bytes, Fixed             | 0x00)              |  |
| ReadConfig  | series | 0**02     | 0x95           |                   | Reserved          |                        |                             |                    |  |
| ReportReq   |        | 0x02      |                |                   |                   | (9 Bytes, Fixe         | xed 0x00)                   |                    |  |
| Dag 1Canfia |        | 0x82      |                | MinTime           | MaxTime           | BatteryChange          | Temperaturechange           | Reserved           |  |
| ReadConfig  |        |           |                | (2 bytes,         | (2 bytes,         | (1 byte,               | (2 bytes,                   | (2 bytes,          |  |
| ReportRsp   |        |           |                | Unit: s)          | Unit: s)          | Unit: 0.1v)            | Unit: 0.1°C)                | Fixed 0x00)        |  |

## (1) Configure device parameters

MinTime = 0x003C (1 min), MaxTime = 0x003C (1 min), BatteryChange = 0x01 (0.1V), Temperature change = 0x0001 (0.1°C)

Downlink: 0195003C003C0100010000

8195010000000000000000 (configuration fail)

## (2) Read device parameters

Response: 8295003C003C0100010000 (current parameters)

## 5.3 Set/GetSensorAlarmThresholdCmd

#### FPort: 0x10

| CmdDescriptor                    | CmdID (1 byte) | Payload (10 bytes)   |   |  |   |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| SetSensorAlarm 0x01 ThresholdReq |                | Channel (1 byte,  0x00_Channel1,  0x01_Chanel2,  0x02_Channel3,  etc.) | SensorType  (1 byte,  0x00_Disable ALL  SensorthresholdSet  0x01_Temperature) | SensorHighThreshold (4 bytes, unit: 0.1°C) | SensorLowThreshold (4 bytes, unit: 0.1°C) |  |  |  |
| SetSensorAlarm ThresholdRsp      | 0x81           | Status (0x00_success)  | F   | Reserved (9 bytes, Fixed 0x00)             |   |  |  |  |
| GetSensorAlarm ThresholdReq      | 0x02           | Channel (1 byte,  0x00_Channel1,  0x01_Chanel2,  0x02_Channel3,  etc.) | SensorType (1 byte, 0x00_Disable ALL SensorthresholdSet 0x01_Temperature)     |  |   |  |  |  |
| GetSensorAlarm<br>ThresholdRsp   | 0x82           | Channel (1 byte,  0x00_Channel1,  0x01_Chanel2,  0x02_Channel3,  etc.) | SensorType (1 byte,  0x00_Disable ALL SensorthresholdSet  0x01_Temperature)   | SensorHighThreshold (2 bytes, unit: 0.1°C) | SensorLowThreshold (2 bytes, unit: 0.1°C) |  |  |  |

Default: Channel = 0x00\_Temperature1, Channel = 0x01\_Temperature2

## $(1)\,SetSensorAlarmThresholdReq$

Configure Channel = 0x00 (Temperature 1), HighThreshold = 0x0000012C (30°C), and LowThreshold = 0x00000064 (10°C)

Downlink: 0100010000012C00000064

## (2) GetSensorAlarmThresholdReq

Response: 8200010000012C00000064

## (3) Clear all thresholds (Set SensorType = 0)

## 5.4 Example of NetvoxLoRaWANRejoin

(NetvoxLoRaWANRejoin command is to check if the device is still in the network. If the device is disconnected, it will automatically rejoin back to the network.)

#### Fport: 0x20

| CmdDagarintar             | CmdID    | Payload (5 bytes)                    |                            |  |
|---------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| CmdDescriptor             | (1 byte) |                                      |                            |  |
| SetNetvoxLoRaWANRejoinReq | 0x01     | RejoinCheckPeriod                    |                            |  |
|                           |          | (4 bytes, Unit: 1s                   | Daisin Thurshald (1 harts) |  |
|                           |          | 0XFFFFFFF Disable                    | RejoinThreshold (1 byte)   |  |
|                           |          | NetvoxLoRaWANRejoinFunction)         |                            |  |
| SetNetvoxLoRaWANRejoinRsp | 0x81     | Status (1 lasta 0.00                 | Reserved                   |  |
|                           |          | Status (1 byte, 0x00_success)        | (4 bytes, Fixed 0x00)      |  |
| GetNetvoxLoRaWANRejoinReq | 0x02     | Reserved (5 bytes, Fixed 0x00)       |                            |  |
| GetNetvoxLoRaWANRejoinRsp | 0x82     | RejoinCheckPeriod (4 bytes, Unit:1s) | RejoinThreshold (1 byte)   |  |

### (1) Configure parameters

RejoinCheckPeriod = 0x00000E10 (60min); RejoinThreshold = 0x03 (3 times)

Downlink: 0100000E1003

Response: 810000000000 (configuration succeed)

810100000000 (configuration fail)

#### (2) Read configuration

Downlink: 020000000000

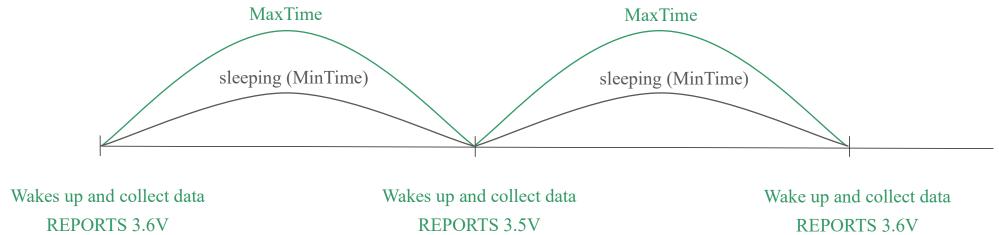
Response: 8200000E1003

Note: a. Set RejoinCheckThreshold as 0xFFFFFFFF to stop the device from rejoining the network.

- b. The last configuration would be kept as the device is factory reset.
- c. Default setting: RejoinCheckPeriod = 2 (hr) and RejoinThreshold = 3 (times)

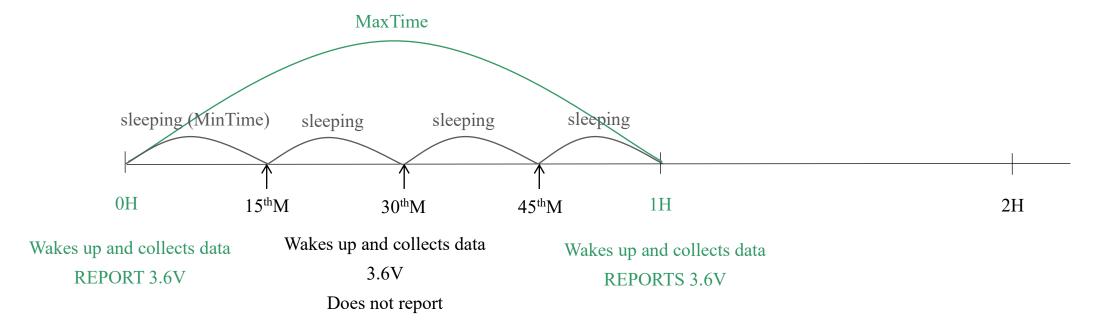
## 5.5 Example for MinTime/MaxTime logic

Example#1 based on MinTime = 1 Hour, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange=0.1V

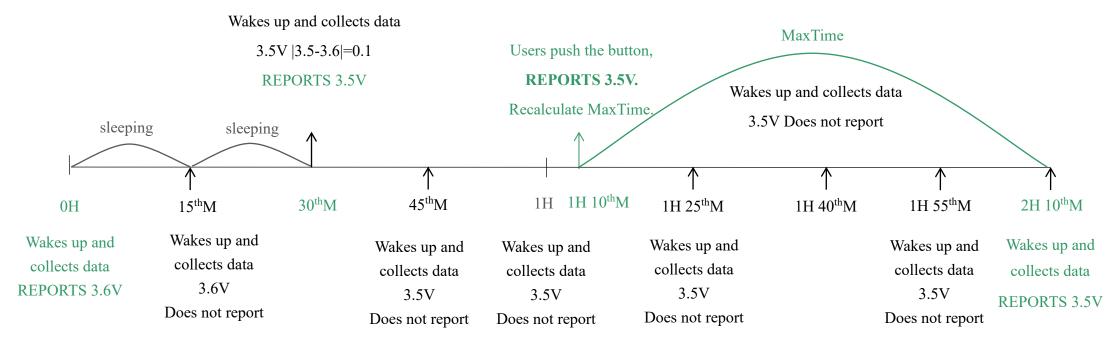


Note: MaxTime = MinTime. Data will only be reported according to MaxTime (MinTime) duration regardless BatteryVoltageChange value.

Example#2 based on MinTime = 15 Minutes, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange= 0.1V.



Example#3 based on MinTime = 15 Minutes, MaxTime= 1 Hour, Reportable Change i.e. BatteryVoltageChange= 0.1V.



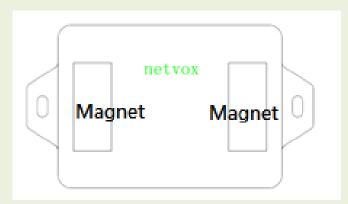
#### Notes:

- (1) The device only wakes up and performs data sampling according to MinTime Interval. When it is sleeping, it does not collect data.
- (2) The data collected is compared with the last data <u>reported</u>. If the data variation is greater than the ReportableChange value, the device reports according to MinTime interval. If the data variation is not greater than the last data reported, the device reports according to MaxTime interval.
- (3) We do not recommend to set the MinTime Interval value too low. If the MinTime Interval is too low, the device wakes up frequently and the battery will be drained soon.
- (4) Whenever the device sends a report, no matter resulting from data variation, button pushed or MaxTime interval, another cycle of MinTime/MaxTime calculation is started.

## 6. Installation

1. The Wireless Resistance Temperature Detector (R718B series) has a built-in magnet (see Figure 1 below). When installed, it can be attached to the surface of an object with iron which is convenient and quick. To make the installation more secure, use screws (purchased) to fix the unit to a wall or other surface (see below).

Note: Do not install the device in a metal shielded box or in an environment with other electrical equipment around it to avoid affecting the wireless transmission of the device.





Screw hole diameter: Ø4mm

2. When R718B series is compared with the last reported values, the temperature change is exceeded 0.1°C (default), it will report values at the MinTime interval; If does not exceed 0.1°C (default), it will report values at the MaxTime interval.

R718B series is suitable for the below scenarios:

- Oven
- Industrial control equipment
- Semiconductor industry





3. Put only 30mm of the stainless probe into the liquid. Sinking the probe into the liquid could damage the sealing compound and thus cause the liquid to get inside the PCB.





Note: Do not sink the probe into chemical solutions, such as alcohol, ketone, ester, acid, and alkali.

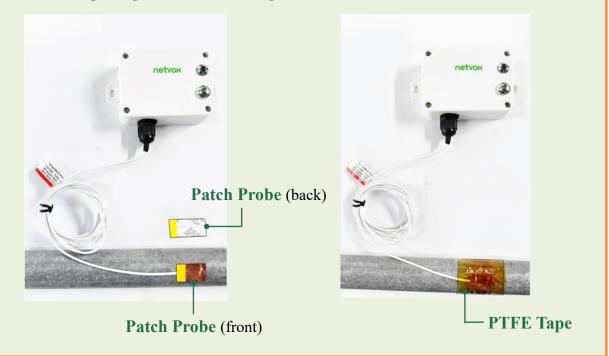
## **▼** R718BC

3.1 When installing R718BC, user needs to fix the clamp probe on the surface of a tube. The adjustable range of the clamp is 21 – 44mm (diameter).



#### **▼** R718BP

- 3.2 When installing R718BP, user needs to ...
  - a. Remove the liner of the doubled-sided tape on the back of the patch probe.
  - b. Put the patch probe on the surface of an object.
  - c. Fix the patch probe with PTFE tape.



#### Note:

- a. Please do not disassemble the device unless it is required to replace the batteries.
- b. Do not touch the waterproof gasket, LED indicator light, or function keys when replacing the batteries. Please use a suitable screwdriver to tighten the screws (if using an electric screwdriver, it is recommended to set the torque as 4kgf) to ensure the device is impermeable.

## 7. Information about Battery Passivation

Many of Netvox devices are powered by 3.6V ER14505 Li-SOC12 (lithium-thionyl chloride) batteries that offer many advantages including low self-discharge rate and high energy density. However, primary lithium batteries like Li-SOC12 batteries will form a passivation layer as a reaction between the lithium anode and thionyl chloride if they are in storage for a long time or if the storage temperature is too high. This lithium chloride layer prevents rapid self-discharge caused by continuous reactions between lithium and thionyl chloride, but battery passivation may also lead to voltage delay when the batteries are put into operation, and our devices may not work correctly in this situation.

As a result, please make sure to source batteries from reliable vendors, and it is suggested that if the storage period is more than one month from the date of battery production, all the batteries should be activated. If encountering the situation of battery passivation, users can activate the battery to eliminate the battery hysteresis.

#### **ER14505 Battery Passivation:**

#### 7.1 To determine whether a battery requires activation

Connect a new ER14505 battery to a resistor in parallel, and check the voltage of the circuit.

If the voltage is below 3.3V, it means the battery requires activation.

#### 7.2 How to activate the battery

- a. Connect a battery to a resistor in parallel
- b. Keep the connection for 5~8 minutes
- c. The voltage of the circuit should be  $\geq 3.3$ , indicating successful activation.

| Brand  | Load Resistance | Activation Time | Activation Current |  |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| NHTONE | 165 Ω           | 5 minutes       | 20mA               |  |
| RAMWAY | 67 Ω            | 8 minutes       | 50mA               |  |
| EVE    | 67 Ω            | 8 minutes       | 50mA               |  |
| SAFT   | 67 Ω            | 8 minutes       | 50mA               |  |

Note: If you buy batteries from other than the above four manufacturers, then the battery activation time, activation current, and required load resistance shall be mainly subject to the announcement of each manufacturer.

# 8. Relevant Products

| Model           |               | Temperature   | Wire                  | Wire   | Probe      | Probe                           | Probe       | Probe     |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
|                 |               | Range         | Material              | Length | Type       | Material                        | Dimension   | IP Rating |
| R718B120        | One-gang      | -70° to 200°C |                       |        | Round head | - 316 stainless steel           | Ø5mm*30mm   | IP67      |
| R718B220        | Two-gang      |               |                       |        |            |                                 |             |           |
| R718B121        | One-gang      |               |                       |        | Needle     |                                 | Ø5mm*150mm  |           |
| R718B221        | Two-gang      |               | +                     |        |            |                                 |             |           |
| R718B122        | One-gang      | -50° to 180°C | - silicone            | 2m     | Magnetic   | NdFeB magnet +                  | Ø15mm       |           |
| R718B222        | Two-gang      |               |                       |        |            | stainless steel spring          |             |           |
| R718B140        | One-gang      |               | Braided<br>Fiberglass |        | Round head | Ø5mm³ 316 stainless steel Ø5mm³ | Ø5 *20      | IP50      |
| R718B240        | Two-gang      | -40° to 375°C |                       |        |            |                                 | Ø5mm*30mm   |           |
| R718B141        | One-gang      |               |                       |        | Needle     |                                 | Ø5mm*150mm  |           |
| R718B241        | Two-gang      |               |                       |        |            |                                 |             |           |
| R718B150        | One-gang      | 40° to 500°C  |                       |        | Round head |                                 | Ø5mm*30mm   |           |
| R718B250        | Two-gang      |               |                       |        |            |                                 |             |           |
| R718B151        | One-gang      |               |                       |        | Needle     |                                 | G5 4150     |           |
| R718B251        | Two-gang      |               |                       |        |            |                                 | Ø5mm*150mm  |           |
| R718BC One-gang |               |               | PTFE                  |        |            |                                 | Ø Range:    |           |
|                 | -50° to 150°C | +<br>silicone |                       | Clamp  |            | 21 to 44mm                      | IP67        |           |
| R718BP          | One-gang      | -50° to 150°C |                       |        | Patch      | Copper                          | 15mm x 20mm |           |

## 9. Important Maintenance Instructions

Kindly pay attention to the following to achieve the best maintenance of the product:

- Keep the device dry. Rain, moisture, or any liquid might contain minerals, thus corrode electronic circuits. If the device gets wet, please dry it completely.
- Do not use or store the device in a dusty or dirty environment. It might damage its detachable parts and electronic components.
- Do not store the device under extremely hot conditions. High temperatures can shorten the life of electronic devices, destroy batteries, and deform or melt some plastic parts.
- Do not store the device in places that are too cold. Otherwise, moisture inside the device will damage the board when the temperature rises.
- Do not throw, knock, or shake the device. Rough handling of equipment can destroy internal circuit boards and delicate structures.
- Do not clean the device with strong chemicals, detergents, or strong detergents.
- Do not apply the device with paint. Smudges might block the device and affect the operation.
- Do not throw the battery into the fire, or the battery will explode. Damaged batteries may also explode.

All of the above applies to your device, battery, and accessories. If any device is not operating properly, please take it to the nearest authorized service facility for repair.

## 10. Precautions for Outdoor Installation

According to the Enclosure Protection Class (IP code), the device is compliant to GB 4208-2008 standard, which is equivalent to IEC 60529:2001 degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code).

#### IP Standard Test Method:

**IP65**: spray the device in all directions under 12.5L/min water flow for 3min, and the internal electronic function is normal.

IP65 is dustproof and able to prevent damage caused by water from nozzles in all directions from invading electrical appliances. It can be used in general indoor and sheltered outdoor environments. Installation in extreme weather conditions or direct exposure to sunlight and rain could damage the components of the device. Users may need to install the device under an awning (fig. 1) or face the side with an LED and function key downwards (fig. 2) to prevent malfunction.

**IP67**: the device is immersed in 1m deep water for 30 minutes, and the internal electronic function is normal.



Fig 1. Install under an awning



Fig 2. Install with LED and function key faced downwards.